# FORCE AND MOTION



One six-station bank of the ADL Hip Simulator

# ADL Hip Simulator Description and Specifications



## ADL-Hip-12-08 specifications

General <sup>[1]</sup>				
Test stations	Specification	Comment		
Twelve stations	See tables below	Arranged in two banks of six motion- linked stations with independent shutoff valves at each station		
Load soak stations	Specification	Comment		
Four stations Axial load	Active load soak 4500N (1000lb)	±25 mm (±1 inch)		
DOF	Specification	Comment		
Axial load	+4500N (+1000lb)	±19 mm (±0.75 inch)		
Flexion	±50 degrees	20 N-m (180 in-lb)		
IE rotation	±20 degrees	8 N-m (70 in-lb)		
Abduction	±20 degrees	20 N-m (180 in-lb)		
Actuator type	Specification			
Axial load	Servo-hydraulic			
Flexion	Servo-hydraulic			
IE rotation	Servo-hydraulic			
Abduction	Servo-hydraulic			
Control feedback	Typical method			
Axial load	Fz load cell			
Flexion	Angle sensor			
IE rotation	Angle sensor			
Abduction	Angle sensor	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Load cells	Specification	Comment		
Twelve independent load cells	1 per station			
Channels	6 DOF per station	Fx, Fy, Fz, Mx, My, Mz		
Туре	Strain gage	Amplifier included in controls		
Physical specifications	Specification			
Length	208 cm (82 in)			
Width	100 cm (39 in)			
Height	178 cm (70 in)			
Weight	1100 kg (2500 lb)			
Hydraulic system (quoted separately)	Specification	Comment		
Туре	External HPU	Required		
Pressure	800 psi	Required		
Required flow	15 GPM	Required		
Oil temperature	38 °C	Recommended temperature at inlet		
Power requirement <sup>[2]</sup>	Specification	Comment		
Electric	115 VAC, 20 Amp	1 phase, 50/60 Hz		

Dynamic performance				
Maximum repetition rate Maximum spectral content   Item (repetitions/second) <sup>[3]</sup> (Hz) <sup>[4]</sup>				
Controller	30 Hz	30 Hz		
DOF	Typical repetition rate (repetitions/second) <sup>[3]</sup>	Maximum spectral content (Hz) <sup>[4]</sup>	RMS error (% FS) <sup>[5]</sup>	
Axial load	2.0 Hz	10 Hz	< 1 %	
Flexion extension	2.0 Hz	10 Hz	< 1 %	
IE rotation	2.0 Hz	10 Hz	< 1 %	
Abduction	2.0 Hz	10 Hz	< 1 %	





## ADL-Hip-12-08 specifications

Measurement instrumentation				
Data acquisition	Channel	Range	Comment	
Data rate	All channels	10-1000 samples/sec	User selection	
ADC Resolution	All channels	16 bit		
Digital filters	All channels	10-500Hz	User selection	
Anti-aliasing filters	All channels	360 Hz		
Strain gage conditioning	Channel	Range	Comment	
Gain	All channels	1000, 2000, 4000	Jumper selection	
Excitation	All channels	10 Volt		
Multi-axis load cell – hip	Channel	Range	Sensitivity	
Axial load	Fz	4400 N	1.5 μV/V•N	
AP force	Fy	500 N	6.0 μV/V∙N	
ML force	Fx	500 N	6.0 μV/V∙N	
Flexion moment	Mx	25 Nm	70.8 μV/V∙Nm	
Abduction moment	My	25 Nm	70.8 μV/V∙Nm	
Axial moment	Mz	25 Nm	53.1 μV/V•Nm	
Angle and position	Channel	Range	~Resolution	
Axial position	VP	38 mm	0.1 mm	
Flexion	Flex	±55 °	0.1°	
IE rotation	IE	±20 °	0.1°	
Abduction	AD	±20 °	0.1°	
Other sensors	Channel	Comment		
Serum temperature Oil temperature Fluid level Hydraulic pressure Cal amp input	High/low	Safety shutoff if leak detected		

Environmental conditioning for specimens			
Specimen fluid recirculation	Specification	Comment	
Pump	100 ml/min	60 RPM peristaltic pump with #25 silicone tubing	
Reservoir	500 ml	Stainless steel tank	
Fluid level	High/Low	Magnetic sensor/float	
Specimen fluid temperature	Specification	Comment	
Temperature controller		Heater/chiller	
Chilling	500 watts		
Heating	800 watts		
Power		115 volts, 12 amps	
Specimen fluid	Specification		
Suitable fluids	Bovine serum, saline solution, water		





### ADL-Hip-12-08 specifications

Control system				
NetControl interface	Specification	Comments		
Supplied computer hardware Ethernet connection	One set per bank 10 mbps	Windows XP PC, monitor, keyboard, mouse Coaxial cable		
Real-time controller	Channels	Range	Comments	
DSP controller		AD 2181		
Update rate		2000 Hz		
Output channels	16	$\pm$ 10 volt		
Input channels	72	Bridge inputs	Strain gage	
Analog inputs	30	$\pm$ 10 volt	High-level analog	
Digital inputs	8	TTL	Digital I/O	
Control modes	Channels			
PID	16			
Gain scheduling	16			
Adaptive Control	16			
Virtual Soft Tissue	8			
Nested loops	8			
Waveform generator	Channels	Range	Comments	
Channels	8-16			
Repetition rate		0.01 to 30 Hz		
Programmable		256 points	Interpolated	
Event monitor	Channels	Specification	Comments	
Threshold trigger	16		Rising or falling edge	
Response time	All channels	0.0005 seconds		
Programmable response	All channels		Soft stop, hold, shut down	
Digital outputs	Channels	Update rate		
Reference waveforms	8-16	2000 Hz		
Servo drive signals	8-16	2000 Hz		
Soft tissue constraint	8	2000 Hz		
Sum signals	8	2000 Hz		
Digital loop filters	Channels	Update rate		
	enamers	opulate late		

[1] Specifications may change without notice.

[2] The system is normally delivered configured for the indicated power requirements. If your available power differs in phase or voltage, please contact AMTI. The system requires cooling water for operation. This is usually available from your laboratory's infrastructure – if not available, please contact AMTI for additional information on manufacturers of suitable chillers.

[3] The repetition rate corresponds to the maximum rate at which satisfactory performance will be achieved running the ISO standard gait cycle waveforms for hip testing. This is a somewhat subjective indication of dynamic performance. Typically, overall tracking performance is reduced with higher frequency of operation.

[4] The ISO waveforms contain spectral content in considerable excess of the fundamental driving frequency. Analysis of these waveforms indicates that tracking performance at a 1 Hz repetition rate is excellent up to the indicated frequency.

[5] The RMS error provides a measure of the simulator's tracking performance (the extent that the machine's outputs differ from the target inputs). These values are typical for testing at a 1 Hz repetition rate while running the ISO waveforms and represent standard results while evaluating conventional prosthetics using AMTI's Adaptive Control Technology (iterative learning control algorithm). Different prosthetic devices or conditions may result in an increased or decreased tracking error.

